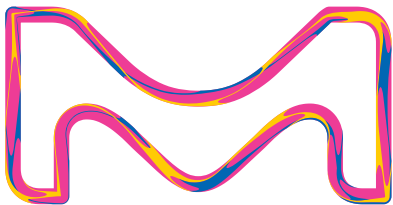


PICK THE RIGHT ONE AT A GLANCE

The new color-coded
MC-Media Pads.

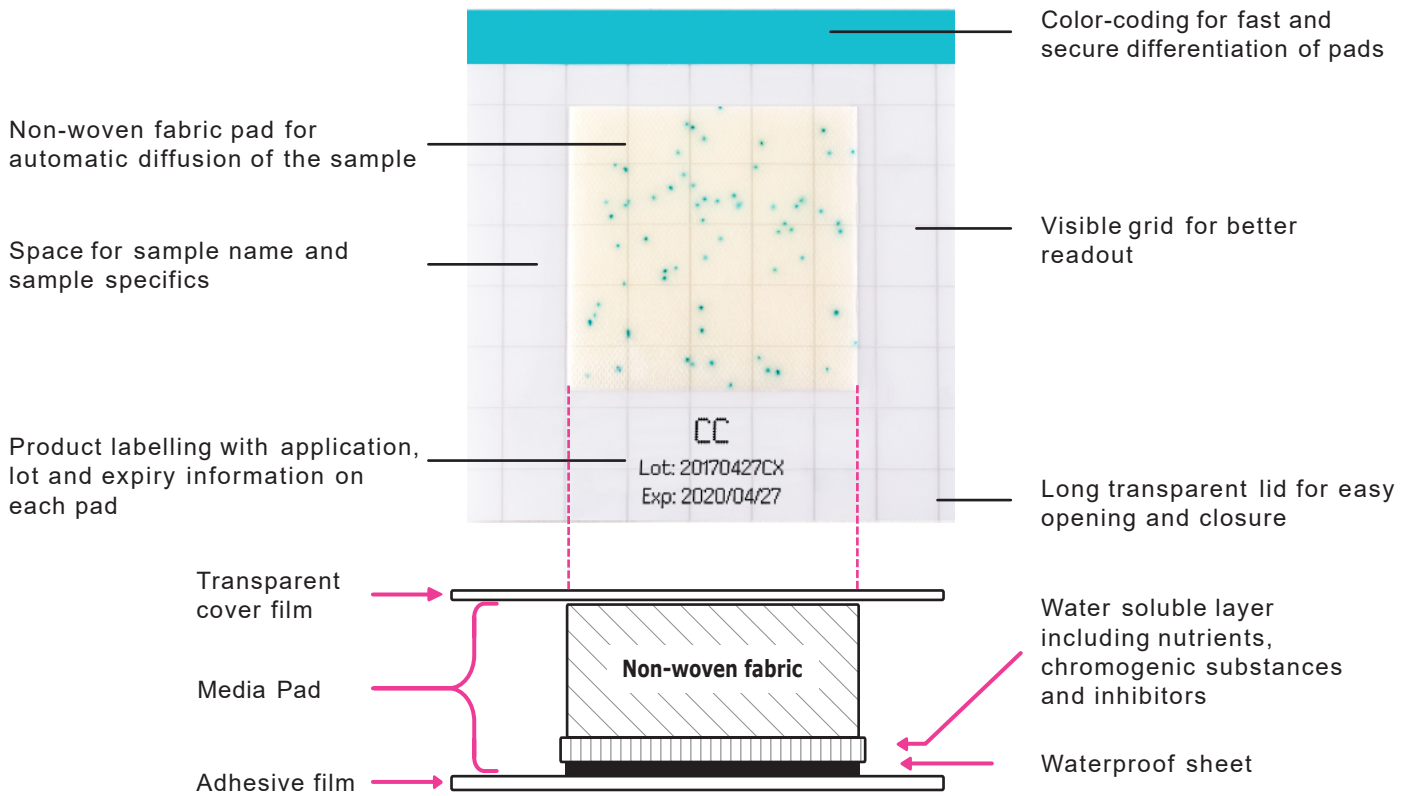


The life science business
of Merck operates as
MilliporeSigma in the
U.S. and Canada.

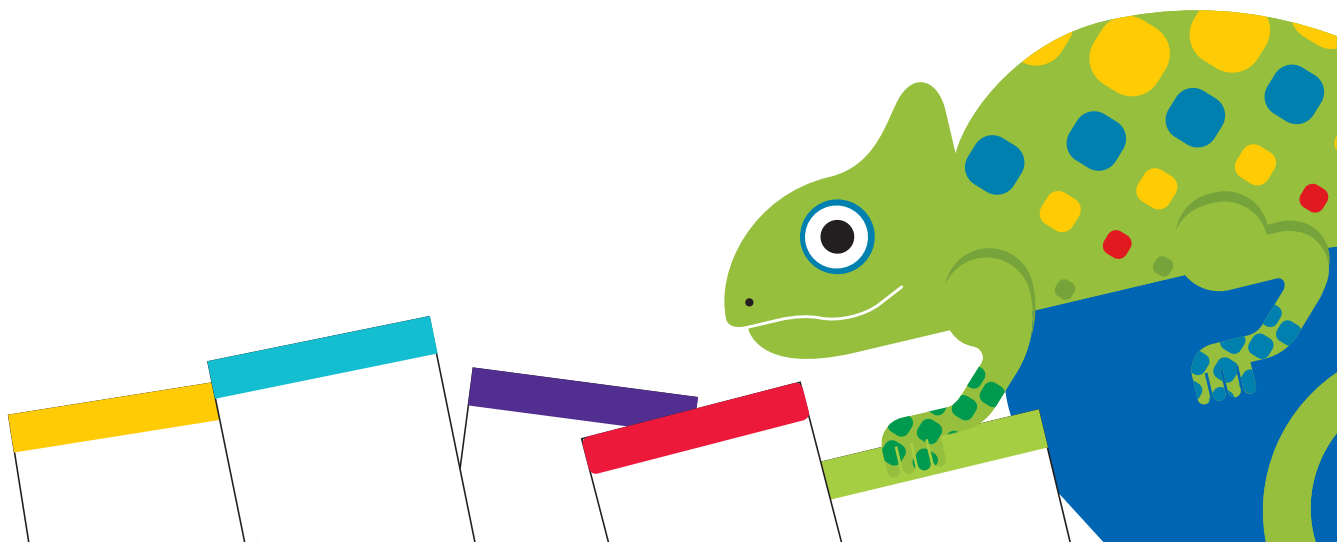
Millipore®

Preparation, Separation,
Filtration & Testing Products

DESIGNED FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE.



The MC-Media Pad is designed for convenient and rapid routine testing of microbial contaminations in your food and beverage products. The pads are coated with a growth medium and chromogenic substrates for specific detection allowing faster results and improved readout. When the sample is applied, the liquid spreads evenly on the pad by capillary action. No additional working steps are required, improving the workflow and reducing the risk of contamination. The transparent cover film can be easily opened and closed with one hand, and the [color coding](#) ensures that you can always pick the right one at a glance. MC-Media Pads comply with international standards (AOAC, MicroVal) and are quality controlled with strain selection according to ISO 11133.



JUST PICK THE COLOR YOU NEED.

The MC-Media Pad portfolio offers a broad range of products for the main applications in the food and beverage industry. Use of chromogenic indicators leads to specific results and allows for better interpretation. Just incubate at 25 °C or 35 °C for 24-48 hours to detect dedicated contaminants.



Rapid Aerobic Count

Incubation: 35 °C, 24 hours

Readout: All grown colonies develop reddish color. Regardless of strength of color, all grown colonies should be counted.

Short time to result



Coliform

Incubation: 35 °C, 24 hours

Readout: Coliforms produce blue/blue-green colored colonies due to β -galactosidase production. Gram-negative non-coliform bacteria form colorless colonies. Regardless of strength of color, all blue/blue-green colored colonies should be counted.

Easy readout thanks to blue colored colonies



E. coli and Coliform

Incubation: 35 °C, 24 hours

Readout: Coliform bacteria form blue/blue-green colored colonies due to β -galactosidase production, whereas *E. coli* will produce indigo to purple colored colonies due to specific β -glucuronidase. Gram-negative non-coliform bacteria forms colorless colonies. Regardless of strength of color, all colored (blue/blue-green and purple/navy) colonies can be determined as total coliform. Only purple to navy colored colonies should be counted as *E. coli*.

Chromogenic approach: easy differentiation between *E. coli* and Coliform colonies & no gas formation required



Yeast & Mold

Incubation: 25 °C, 48 hours

Readout: All grown colonies will develop a reddish color. Regardless of strength of color, all grown colonies should be counted. Yeast and Mold can be easily distinguished by their different morphologies. Yeasts will appear as circular reddish colored colonies, whereas mold colonies are also round and reddish in color, but will appear more diffuse with fuzzy edges.

Time to result for various matrices in 48 hours, appropriate sample area to avoid spreading of the molds and ensure valid readout

Staphylococcus aureus

Incubation: 35 °C, 24 hours

Readout: *S. aureus* form circular light blue/blue colored colonies. Even though other bacteria are inhibited strongly, some bacteria (especially *Bacillus* species) can form gray/black colored colonies.

Confirmation test can be easily performed, e.g. with a coagulation test



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